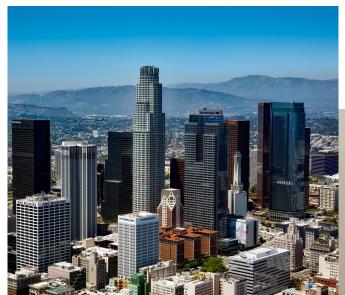


Southern California Children's Environmental Health Research Translation Center

Elizabeth Kamai DayaneDueñasBarahona





Urbanism, Air Pollution, Children's Health and Environmental Justice







Development Core

ISCHE FELLOWS

Translation skills









Be Heard! Seminar Series

In this series, we aim to inspire students and practitioners of environmental health science to share their research in an effort to promote meaningful change.





Writing a White Paper Meghan Rebuli, PhD Vince Tedjasaputra, PhD Moderator: John Balmes, MD Friday, February 9th, 10:00 - 11:00 am





Advocacy and Community Partnerships Drinking Water PFAS Monitoring Anna Reade, PhD Erick Orellana Moderator: Max Aung, PhD Friday, March 8th, 10:00 am - 11:00 am





Working with Lawvers - Torts Gary DiMuzio, JD Steven Markowitz, MD, DrPhD Moderator: Sofia Gruskin, JD, MIA Friday, April 12th, 10:00 am - 11:00 am





What to Do if Your Research Makes Vested Interests Mad Jonathan Samet MD, MS Lisa Bero, PhD Moderator: Anna Wu, PhD Friday, June 14th, 10:00 am - 11:00 am

2023 Be Heard! seminars









Mark! Lopez, Nse Witherspoon Moderated by Sylvia Betancourt Friday, April 28th, 2023, 10:00 - 11:00 am







Working with Policy Makers

Ellu Nasser, Adrian Martinez Moderated by Colin McClay Friday, August 4th 2023, 10:00 am - 11:00 am









Manuel Pastor, Bill Gallegos Moderated by Gabe Khan Friday, December 8th 2023, 10:00 am - 11:00 am Register HERE







David Gonzales, Bhavna Shamasunder Moderated by Carly Hyland Friday, December 15th 2023, 10:00 am - 11:00 am Register HERE









Translation Core







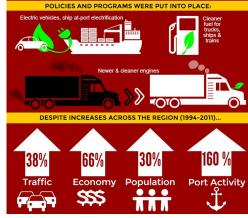




Co-create & Democratize Data

Develop Solution-Oriented Strategies





Document Reality



Impact Project Trade-Health-Environment









Pilot projects



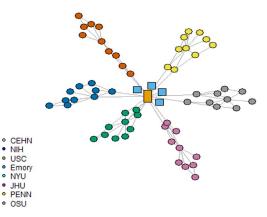


Figure 1: Hypothetical network of all children's centers





Cargo containers sit in stacks at the Port of Los Angeles on Oct. 20 Ringo H.W. Chiu/AP

ARTS IN ACTION

USC Visions & Voices

The Arts and Humanities Initiative







Sylvia Betancourt
Long Beach Alliance for Children
with Asthma (LBACA)/Miller's
Children's Hospital





Paula Cizmar
Professor of Theatre Practice in
Dramatic Writing; Co-Director,
Institute for Theatre & Social Change



Breathe In Por un Cielito Lindo

An arts and science program program created by the Southern California Center for Children's Environnmental Health Translational Research (SC-CCEHTR) to illustrate the adverse effects of pollution created from goods movement on the communities



Objectives

- . To help understand how goods movement through the ports of Los Angeles and Long Beach produces a
- To illuminate the correlation between this pollution and
- · To demonstrate how community action can lead to

Essential Questions

- · How does the movement of goods adversely affect



Learning Objectives



- How this pollution can adversely affect community



Por un Cielito Lindo: Activity Handout

Now that we have learned about pollution's negative impact on our communities, we want to invite you (and your friends!) to do an activity that represents your thoughts, feelings, and concerns about the environmental issues within your community.

SOMETHING TO THINK ABOUT

What are the adverse effects of pollution in your community? How are you affected by it?



ADVERSE EFFECTS OF GOODS MOVEMENT





Twin Ports and the I-710 Corridor

Community Impact of the Los Angeles and Long Beach

. 40% of U.S. imports enter through the twin ports and are

. The ports operate 24 hours a day, seven days a week. . 50,000 diesel-fueled freight trucks travel the I-710 each day.

Port traffic expected to triple between 2012 and 2035.

· Some of the worst air quality in the United States

transported by trucks and trains throughout the country.

• Twin ports of Los Angeles and Long Beach are the largest ports in

Ports and the I-710 communities

the country.

710 freeway is the main

artery for the nation's

largest port complex, through which nearly a hird of the nation's goods are moved."

LA Times

What to know

Movement of goods creates significant amounts of Diesel Particulate Matter (DPM) pollution and other Traffic Related Air Pollution (TRAP).



DPM contains hundred of different chemicals.



including 40 known cancercausing organic substances.

DPM penetrates deep into the lungs and can contribute to health problems including:

- . Eve. nose, and throat irritation
- · Heart and lung disease Asthma
- · Lung cancer





ruck congested freeways are most impacted." South Coast Air Management district

for 70% of total cancer

risk from air pollution, an

areas around ports and

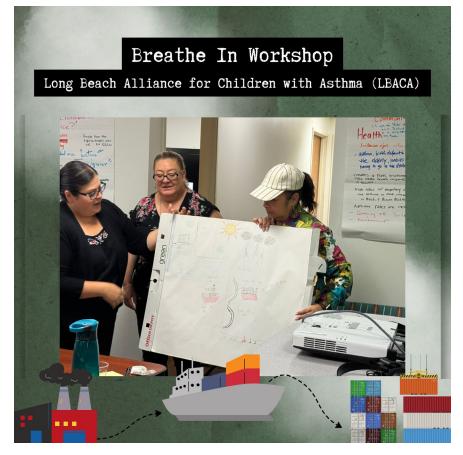
For every 10 grams of

fine particulate air rollution, there is a 4% acrease in all causes of mortality."

Diesel Death Zone







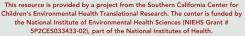






GOODS MOVEMENT How stuff gets to us greenhouse Most imported U.S. goods are imported from Asian countries and transported via... **Cargo Ships Factories** Factories produce goods, heavily polluting air and water **Ports** Matter **Diesel Trucks Trains** DPM is composed of carbon particles ar numerous organic compounds, including 40 More trucks! Warehouse/ known cancer-causing substances **Distribution Center** Destination: Homes Other vendors More trucks!







GOODS MOVEMENT

How stuff gets to us



Goods are produced in factories that heavily pollute air and water. Most U.S. goods are imported from Asian countries.



From factories, goods go to ports, are loaded onto cargo ships, and transported over oceans. Cargo ships use bunker fuel, which is among the dirtiest fuels.



At the destination port, cargo ships idle creating significant toxic pollution. This pollution is harmful for port communities.



Cargo Container

Port workers, using mostly diesel equipment, unload containers and transfer them to diesel trucks.



Diesel Trucks

Typically, diesel trucks transport containers to distribution centers. local rail yards, or faraway destinations.



Trains

Diesel-powered trains

transport goods in containers across the country, producing not only diesel pollution, but also noise and light pollution.



From railyards, goods are transferred to mostly diesel trucks. These trucks transport goods to warehouses and distribution centers.



Distribution Center

Goods are unloaded, organized, and prepared for their final destination.



Packages are delivered to homes using trucks. Goods are moved to department, furniture, electronic, grocery stores, and more.



This resource is provided by a project from the Southern California Center for Children's Environmental Health Translational Research. The center is funded by the National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences (NIEHS Grant # 5P2CES033433-02), part of the National Institutes of Health.



Data accessibility: coastal air monitors



LA by the Numbers

The Port of Los Angeles promised to measure pollution; its equipment keeps breaking

During the worst months of air pollution in recent years, half of its monitors were not functioning



By Ethan Ward October 4, 2023

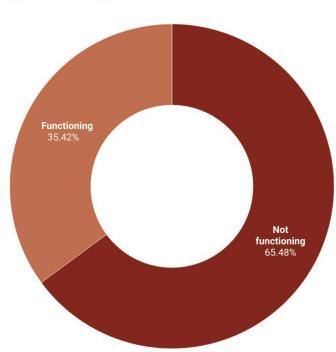






Coastal Monitoring Station 2022



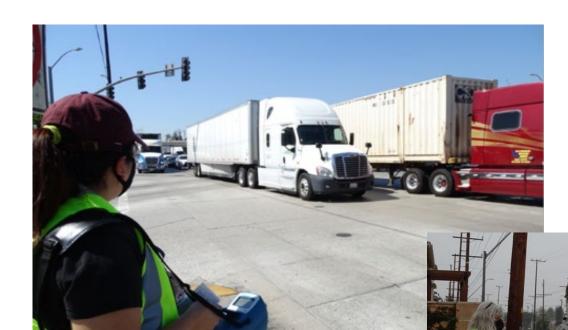


Source: Port of Los Angeles. The coastal station is one of four air-quality monitoring facilities maintained by the port. • Created with Datawrapper

Data compiled by Brandyn Ruiz



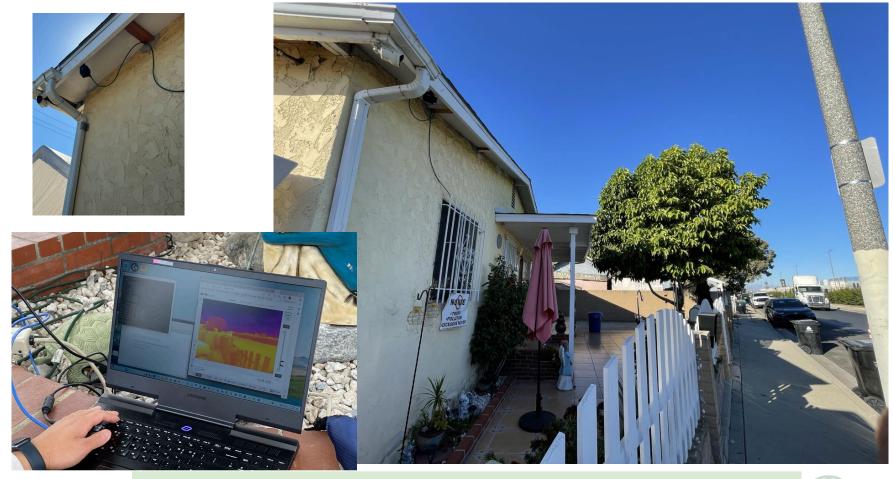




Evolving data needs: truck counting

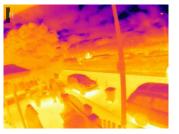












Sample Images

Daytime IR Image



Nighttime IR Image



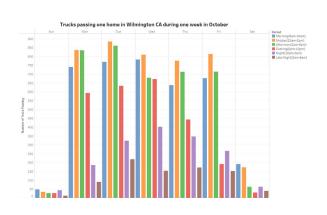




Trucks passing one home in Wilmington CA during one week in October

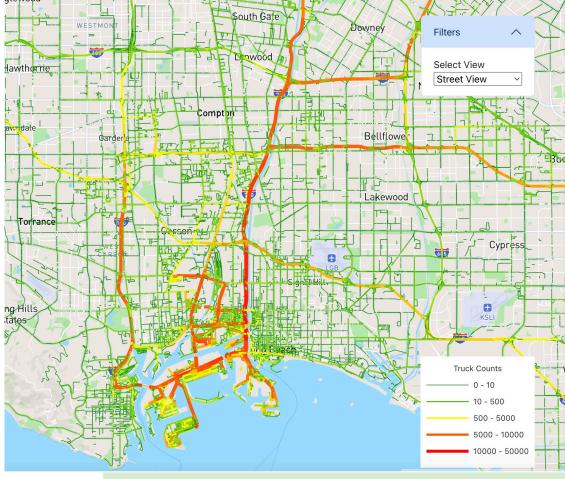
Tracks passing one nome in triming con art daring one treek in occase.							
Period	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
Morning(6am-10am)			769	783	638	677	191
Midday(10am-2pm)	34	837	885	810	776	814	173
Afternoon(2pm-6pm)	27	834	860	679	713	714	63
Evening(6pm-10pm)	28	593	634	673	444	191	31
Night(10pm-2am)	43	186	323	402	347	266	63
Late-Night(2am-6am)	13	90	219	153	172	152	40











In progress:
interactive
public dashboard
of proprietary
truck count data





For more information visit our website: https://sc-cehrt.org/



Questions?

email: Kamai@usc.edu